

LANGEBERG

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MORE THAN JUST NEWS AND VIEWS * MEER AS NET INSIGTE EN BERIGTE

APRIL 2014

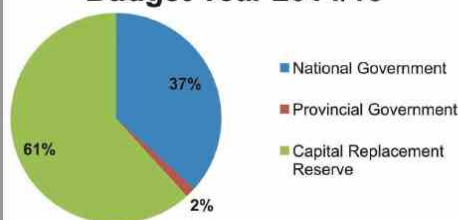
EDITION 25

An epic tourism boost for Langeberg

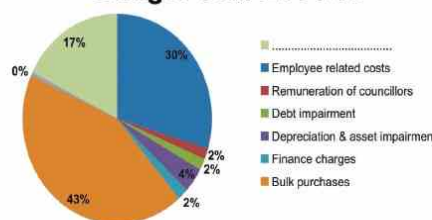


Budget must affect people meaningfully

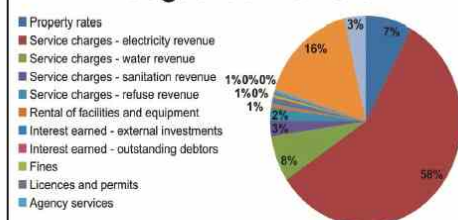
Budget Year 2014/15



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The Langeberg Municipality's budget for the new financial year is presented against the backdrop of a weak global economy.

Most of the big economies have a slow recovery and substantially reduced growth rates. South Africa also has a slow growth rate. In the last quarter of 2013, the South African GDP growth accelerated to 2% over a year earlier, beating market expectations and up from a revised 1,7 % expansion in the previous quarter mainly due to a surge in the mining sector.

It is expected the GDP growth will recover somewhat to 2,7% in 2014 and to 3,2% in 2015. "We all know that the environment in which we work is not of our own choice, but external factors play a massive part in our economy," Langeberg Municipal Mayor Diana Gagiano said.

A major concern is the real risk of job losses that will follow, which means that the poorest of the poor are extremely vulnerable in these economic times. For instance, in the last quarter of 2013 the South African jobless rate slowed for the second straight quarter to 24,1%, from a revised 24,5% in the previous period.

The expanded definition of unemployment, including people who stopped looking for work, was recorded at 34%.

The inflation outlook is also not promising as in December 2013, the South African inflation rate accelerated to an annual 5,4%, after slowing in the previous three months and mainly due to higher housing and transport cost. On a monthly basis, prices edged up to 0,3%.

"Therefore, we must not underestimate the challenges we are faced with. It is estimated that the next 24 months will be very difficult and challenging thus visionary leadership is needed to steer us in the appropriate direction," Gagiano said.

Having regard for the economic crisis we find ourselves in, we had to ask ourselves a number of serious questions when preparing the budget before us:

■ How is the global slowdown in the world economy going to impact on the local economy?

■ How will it impact on the demand for municipal services, particularly by companies and households? How will this impact on municipal revenues and provisions for bad and doubtful debts?

■ How will it impact on employment and household incomes within the municipal area? What impact will it have on the ability of ratepayers to pay, and therefore on the income of the municipality and provisions for bad and doubtful debts?

■ Will there be an increase in the number of households that qualify to receive rates discounts and free basic services in terms of our indigent policy? How will this impact on the cost of providing these services, and what impact, will it have on the sustainability of the municipality's finances?

■ How will the scarcity of credit impact on the municipality's cost of borrowing? Will it increase the interest we have to pay on our existing debt? Will it affect the financial viability of using debt to finance planned capital projects? Will it be necessary for us to delay certain capital projects, such as the upgrade of electricity that we busy with?

These are tough questions and need a careful balancing act to ensure that the municipality's financial viability is not threatened. In compiling this budget we have continuously applied the following guiding principles:

- Protecting the poor.
- Building economic capacity and promoting investment.

● Job creation and poverty alleviation.

● And in doing these things we must maintain a sustainable debt level so that our actions today do not constrain our development tomorrow.

Assumptions for compiling the budget

1. Salary Budget

We have provided for a 12,79% increase in staff costs and 5% in councillors' allowances.

Wage negotiations were finalised between the unions and the South African Local Government Association and a salary increase of 6,8 % will be implemented from 1 July and is budgeted accordingly.

The Minister of Finance will approve councillors' increases for the 2014 - '15 financial year and the increase will be implemented as of 1 July.

It is also assumed that the current employees will not resign and therefore not increase for all employees were budgeted for.

2. General expenses

It is assumed that costs for services and fuel will increase minimally. It is also assumed that the capital projects for 2014 - '15 will be completed during the financial year, thus we have made provision for depreciation on the projects as per general recognised accounting practice (GRAP). Depreciation on new capital expenditure is calculated at a varying rate ranging between nine and 20 years depending on the nature of the asset.

3. Impact on rates and tariffs

— We have provided for a 7,39 % increase in electricity tariffs.

— Property Rates and other tariff increases have been kept below 8%.

— Tariffs for community halls and sporting facilities have been increased to move towards recovering the actual expenditure. It has become clear that our tariffs are extremely low, hence there is not enough money to maintain these facilities. However, these tariffs will be gradually increased until we catch up with the actual expenditure.

— As from July 2013 we introduced block tariffs for water. As from 1 July 2014 our premium water tariff will be R5,50/kd while most municipalities have already been charging around R15/kd.

This is a clear indication that we are not recovering our actual expenditures as we should be and this has an effect on our ability to deliver proper services to our communities.

The provincial administration is currently conducting a study on development contributions with a view to standardise these contributions. You will be surprised that while we are charging R27 000 per plot, the average tariff municipalities within the province charge is in excess of R70 000.

Yes, Langeberg is one of the cheapest municipalities in the country, but this might compromise our ability to provide quality services as expected by



our citizens.

4. Pro-poor initiatives

To ensure that this municipality is a caring one that works for the poorest of the poor, we have drafted this budget in such a way that the impact of the bad economic climate does not negatively affect the most vulnerable groups of our society. We have applied a combination of three strategies:

4.1. The value of properties to be exempted from property rates is R80 000 whilst legislation requires us to give R15 000 exemption, which goes a long way to alleviate the tax burden during these tough economic times.

4.2. The qualifying household income for indigent subsidy is now R3 000 per household. Household implies the total income of all persons who live on that property. However, we want to stress that this indigent grant will be withdrawn from any person who:

- a. Runs a spaza shop illegally from the premises receiving a subsidy.
- b. Allows illegal electricity connections to the premises receiving an indigent grant.
- c. Subleases the premises receiving indigent grant, which means that the applicant is not personally occupying the premises.

4.3. We have also introduced rates rebates to pensioners. If the pensioner's income is R3 000 per household the rebate is 60%, whilst pensioners with a household income of R5 000 per month will receive a 40% rebate on their rates.

The budget overview

The budget being tabled for MTEF 2014 - '15 to 2016 - '17, in terms of section 16(2) of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003), is as follows:

The Municipality's 2014 - '15 budget amounts to R546 494 490, made up as follows:

■ Capital budget of R54 140 170

■ Operating Budget of R492 354 320

The primary operating budget revenue- and expenditure categories reflect the following year-on-year budget value increases (estimated 2014 - '15 vs amended 2013 - '14 budget):

Revenue/tariff increases

■ Property Rates: 7,2% for residential, 7,2% for business and 7,2% for agricultural properties. Whilst 7,2% may sound high it should be noted it represents an increase of 0,0005 cents.

■ Electricity: 7,39%.

■ Water: 7,5%.

■ Sanitation: 6,9% which is an increase from R110 61 to R118 24 per month.

■ Solid Waste: 7,9% increase from R84 37 to R91 04 per month.

Expenditure increases

On the expenditure side the increases are as follows:

■ Salaries and wages (including increments): 12,79%.

■ General expenses: 8%.

■ Repairs and maintenance:

-8%.

■ Capital costs: -18,72%.

■ Bulk purchases (water and electricity): 8,06%.

The projected increase results from a combination of factors such as (relatively low) generic growth to core tariff-based services, operational efficiencies and revenue-related policies aimed at optimising and sustaining all income sources.

The financing of capital expenditure from own funds (CRR) totals R33 million. This amount represents an increase to originally planned values and is earmarked to address specific infrastructural capital investment aligned to IDP focus areas. This level is considered to be affordable over the Medium-Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework (MTREF) three year period.

Capital investment funding ex capital grants represent a significant portion (38,84%) of the municipality's capital budget in 2014 - '15.

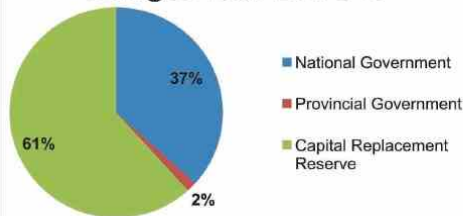
The Langeberg Municipality's consultation process on its draft Integrated Development Plan (IDP) review and budget will be held in April where various community organisations and representatives will have the opportunity to give their input. Council will consider these inputs before the approval of the budget in May.

"This budget must not be about the numbers but it should be a plan that will touch the lives of our people in a meaningful way. Yes this budget must provide relief to the poverty stricken communities of this municipality. The community must judge us in the manner this budget is implemented," says Gagiano.

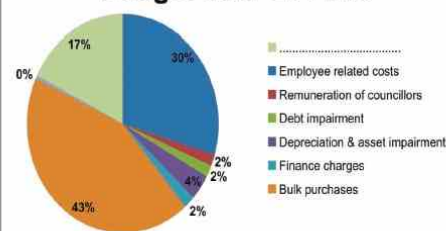


Begroting moet ons mense se lewens sinvol maak

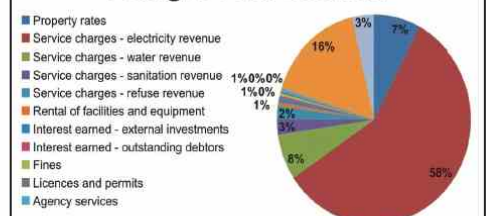
Budget Year 2014/15



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Die Langeberg-munisipaliteit se begroting word aangebied teen die agtergrond van 'n swak wêreld-ekonomie.

Die meeste groot ekonomieë ondervind 'n stadige herstel en taamlik verlaagde groei. Suid-Afrika se groei is ook stadig. In die laaste kwartaal van 2013 het die Suid-Afrikaanse bruto binnelandse produk (BBP)-groei, teenoor die vorige jaar, tot 2% versnel – teen markverwagtinge in en hoër as die hersiene skatting van 'n 1,7% verbetering op die vorige kwartaal – hoofsaaklik as gevolg van 'n opleving in die mynbousector.

Dit word verwag dat groei van die BBP in 2014 tot ongeveer 2,7% sal herstel en in 2015 tot 3,2%. "Ons weet almal dat die omgewing waarin ons werk nie uit eie keuse is nie, maar dat eksterne faktore 'n enorme rol speel in die samestelling van ons ekonomie," sê Diana Gagiano, uitvoerende burgemeester van die Langeberg-munisipaliteit.

'n Groot kwelpunt is die werklikheid van werksverliese wat gaan volg en wat beteken dat die armstes van armes uiters kwesbaar is in hierdie ekonomiese tye. In die laaste kwartaal van 2013 het die Suid-Afrikaanse werkloosheidskoers byvoorbeeld vir die tweede aaneenlopende kwartaal vanaf 'n aangepaste 24,5% in die vorige periode, verlangsamer tot 24,1%. Die uitgebreide definisie van werkloosheid, insluitende persone wat opgehou het om werk te soek, is aangeteken op 34%.

Die inflasieprentjie is ook nie belowend nie, soos

vasgestel in Desember 2013. Die Suid-Afrikaanse inflasiekoers het, nadat dit in die afgelope drie maande afgeneem het, tot 'n jaarlikse 5,4% toegenem, hoofsaaklik weens hoër behuissings- en vervoerkoste. Op 'n maandelikse basis het pryse tot 0,3% gestyg.

"Daarom moet ons nie die uitdagings wat ons in die gesig staar geringskat nie. Dit word geraam dat die volgende 24 maande baie moeilik en uitdagend gaan wees. Visioenêre leierskap is dus nodig om ons in die gepaste rigting te stuur," sê Gagiano.

Met die opstel van die begroting en met volle inagneming van die ekonomiese krisis wat ons beleef, moes ons onsself 'n paar ernstige vrae vra: ■ Hoe sal die wêreldwye verlangings van die wêreld-ekonomie die plaaslike ekonomie beïnvloed?

■ Hoe sal dit die aanvraag van munisipale dienste deur veral maatskappye en huishoudings beïnvloed en hoe sal dit munisipale inkomste en die voorsiening vir slegte- en twyfelagtige skuld raak?

■ Hoe sal dit diensneming en die inkomste van huishoudings binne die munisipale area raak? Watter impak sal dit op belastingbetalers se betaalvermoë hê, dus, munisipale inkomste en die voorsiening vir slegte- en twyfelagtige skuld?

■ Sal daar 'n verhoging wees in die aantal huishoudings wat vir belastingkortings en gratis basiese dienste, ingevolge ons deernisbeleid, kwalifiseer? Hoe sal dit die koste om hierdie dienste te voorsien

raak en watter impak sal dit op die volhoubaarheid van munisipale finansies hê?

■ Hoe sal die skaarsste van krediet die munisipaliteit se koste op lenings beïnvloed? Sal dit die rente op huidige skuld verhoog? Sal dit die finansiële lewensvatbaarheid beïnvloed om skuld te gebruik vir die finansiering van geplande kapitale projekte? Sal dit vir ons nodig wees om bepaalde kapitale projekte, soos die opgradering van elektrisiteit – waarmee ons tans besig is – op die ys te plaas?

Hierdie is moeilike vrae wat versigtig opgeweg moet word om te verseker dat die munisipaliteit se finansiële lewensvatbaarheid nie bedreig word nie. Met die samestelling van hierdie begroting het die munisipaliteit deurgaans die volgende beginsels toegepas om hom te lei:

- Beskerming van armes.
- Die skep van ekonomiese kapasiteit en die bevordering van beleggings.
- Werkskepping en

armoedeverligting.

• Die handhawing van 'n volhoubare skuld las sodat ons optrede vandag nie môre ons ontwikkeling strem nie.

Aanames vir die samestelling van die begroting

1. Salarisbegroting

Ons het vir 'n 12,79% verhoging van personeel-koste en 5% in raadstoelae voorsien. Dit is ook aanvaar dat huidige personeel nie sal bedank nie, dus het ons vir kerfverhogings vir alle werknemers begroot.

2. Algemene uitgawes

Dit is aanvaar dat koste vir dienste en brandstof minimaal sal verhoog. Dit is ook aanvaar dat die kapitaalprojekte vir 2014/15 wel in die finansiële jaar voltooi sal word. Ons het dus vir projekwaardevermindering voorsiening gemaak soos per algemeen aanvaarde rekenkundige praktyk. Waardevermindering op nuwe kapitale uitgawes is bereken teen 'n wisselkoers wat tussen 9 en 20 jaar wissel, afhangend van die aard van die bate.

3. Tariewe

Ons het vir 'n 7,39% verhoging in elektrisiteitstariewe voorsien.

– Erfbelasting en ander tariefverhogings is onder 8% behou.

– Tariewe vir gemeenskapsale en sportfasiliteite is verhoog om te begin om werklike uitgawes te dek. Dit het duidelik geword dat ons tariewe uitsonderlik laag is en daarom nie voldoende geld genereer om hierdie fasiliteite te onderhou nie. Hierdie tariewe sal egter geleidelik verhoog word totdat ons die vlak van werklike uitgawes bereik.

– Sedert Julie 2013 het ons bloktariewe vir watergebruik ingestel. Sedert 1 Julie 2014 sal ons premium watertarief R5,50/kl wees, terwyl die meeste munisipaliteite reeds in die omgewing van R15/kl vra en die hoogste tarief R27/kl is.

Hierdie is duidelik 'n aanduiding dat ons nie ons werklike uitgawes herwin soos wat ons veronderstel is om te doen nie en dit beïnvloed ons vermoë om behoorlike dienste aan ons gemeenskappe te lewer.

Die provinsiale administrasie stuur tans 'n ondersoek van stapel na ontwikkelingsbydraes met die oog daarop om sodanige bydraes te standaardiseer. Dit sal u verbaas dat ons R27 000 per erf hef, terwyl die gemiddelde tarief deur ander munisipaliteite in die provinsie gehê meer as R70 000 beloop. Ja, die Langeberg is een van die goedkoopste munisipaliteite in die land, maar dit kan egter ons vermoë belemmer om kwaliteit-dienste, soos deur ons inwoners verwag, te lewer.

4. Pro-armoede inisiatiewe

Ten einde te verseker dat hierdie munisipaliteit bly omgee en een is wat vir die armstes van armes werk, het ons hierdie begroting op so 'n wyse saamgestel dat die impak van die swak ekonomiese klimaat nie die mees kwesbare groepe in ons samelewing negatief beïnvloed nie. Ons het 'n kombinasie van drie strategieë ingespan:

4.1. Die waarde van eiendomme wat van erfbelasting vrygestel is is R80 000 terwyl wetgewing van ons vereis om R15 000 vrystelling te gee. Vrystelling is 'n goeie manier om die belastinglas in hierdie moeilike ekonomiese tye te verlig.

4.2. Die kwalifiserende huishoudinginkomste vir deernissubsidies is tans R3 000 per huishouding. 'n Huishouding beteken die totale inkomste van alle persone wat op die eiendom woon. Ons wil dit egter beklemtoon dat hierdie deernistoekenning ont-

trek sal word van enige persoon wat:

- a) 'n Huiswinkel onwettig bedryf vanaf die perseel wat 'n subsidie ontvang.
- b) Onwettige elektrisiteitskoppellings tot die perseel wat 'n deernistoekenning ontvang, toelaat.
- c) Die perseel ten opsigte waarvan 'n deernistoelaag ontvang word onderverhuur, wat beteken dat die aansoeker nie die perseel persoonlik bewoon nie.

4.3. Ons het ook belastingafslag vir pensioentrekke oer as 60 jaar ingestel. Indien die pensioentrekke se inkomste R3 000 per maand, per huishouding is, is die afslag 60%, terwyl pensioenarisse met 'n huishoudinginkomste van R5 000 per maand 40% afslag op hul betaalbare belasting kry.

Die begrotingsoorsig

Die begroting wat ter tafel gelê word, is soos volg:

Die munisipaliteit se 2014/15 begroting beloop R546 494 490 wat as volg uiteengesit kan word:

- Kapitale begroting van R54 140 170
- Bedryfsbegroting van R492 354 320

Die primêre bedryfsbegroting se inkomste- en uitgawe-kategorieë weerspieël die volgende jaar-vir-jaar waardes van begrotingsverhogings (geskatte 2014/15 waardes teenoor aangepaste 2013/14 begroting):

- Inkomste- of tariefverhogings
- Erfbelasting: 7,2% vir residensieel, 7,2% vir ondernemings en 7,2% vir landbou-eiendomme. Terwyl 7,2% hoog mag klink, moet dit gemeld word dat dit 'n verhoging van 0,0005 sent verteenwoordig.
- Elektrisiteit: 7,39%.
- Waterverhogings: 7,5%.
- Sanitasie: 6,9%, wat 'n verhoging van R110,61 tot R118,24 per maand is.
- Vaste afval: 7,9%, wat 'n verhoging van R84,37 tot R91,04 per maand is.

Verhoging van uitgawe-kategorieë

Aan die uitgawe-sy is die verhogings as volg:

- Salarisse en lone (ingesluit verhogings): 12,79%.
- Algemene Uitgawes: 8%.
- Herstelwerk en onderhoud: -8%.
- Kapitale kostes: -18,72%.
- Grootmaat-aankope (water en elektrisiteit): 8,06%.

Die geprojekteerde verhogings spruit uit 'n kombinasie van faktore soos (relatief lae) generiese groei van tariefgebaseerde dienste, bedryfsdoeltreffendheid en inkomsteverwante beleid, toegespits op die optimalisering en volhouding van alle inkomstebronne.

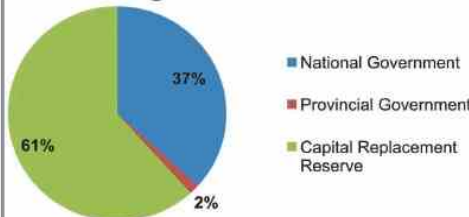
Die finansiering van kapitale uitgawes uit eie fondse beloop in totaal R33 miljoen. Hierdie bedrag verteenwoordig 'n verhoging van oorspronklik geplande waardes en is geoormerk om spesifieke infrastrukturele kapitaalbeleggings wat met die geïntegreerde ontwikkelingsplan (GOP) belyn is, as fokusareas aan te spreek. Hierdie vlak word geag om meer bekostigbaar te wees oor die Mediumtermyn Inkomste- en Uitgaweraamwerk (MTIUR) drie-jaar termyn. Kapitale beleggingsfondse vir die befondsing van vorige kapitale toekennings verteenwoordig 'n beduidende deel (38,84%) van die munisipaliteit se kapitaal begroting in 2014/15.

"Hierdie begroting moet nie bloot oor syfers gaan nie, maar 'n plan wat die lewens van ons mense op 'n betekenisvolle wyse raak. Hierdie begroting moet verligting aan die armste gemeenskap van hierdie munisipaliteit bring. Die gemeenskap moet ons beoordeel volgens die wyse waarop hierdie begroting geïmplementeer word," sê Gagiano.

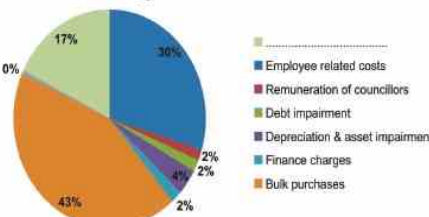


INTETHO KASODOLOPHU NGOHLAHLU-LWABIWO MALI UKUTHIWA THACA KOHLAHLU-LWABIWO MALI LUKA 2014-2016

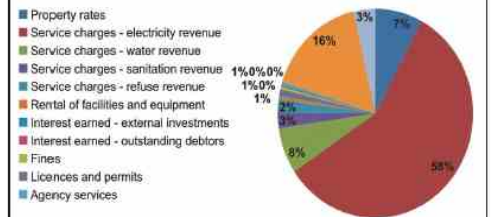
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kubangelwa kukuyuka kwamaxabiso ezendu kunye nawezothutho. Ngenyanga, amaxabiso anyuka nge-0.3%.

"Ngakoko, akufuneka siyijongele phantsi imiceli mngeni esijongene nayo. Kuqikelelwa ukuba iinyanga ezingama-24 ezilandelayo zezona zizakubanzima neziza kubanemiceli mngeni ngenxa yoko kuyakudingekanga ubunkokheli obunemibono noluyakusikhohelela kwicala elilungileyo," utsho uGagiano. Ekuqwalaseleni kwezinqaku yezoqoqosho nesizifumana sikuyo, ekuqulungeni oluhlalo-lwabiwo mali luphambi kwethu kuye kwafuneka sizibuze imbuzo eqatha:

■ Ingaba ukudodabala kogoqosho lwehlabathi luyakuluchaphazela kanjani uqoqosho lwasekuhlaleni?

■ Ingaba lakuyichaphazela kanjani izinga lokufunwa kweenkqubo zikamasipala ngabahlali kunye namashishini? Kwaye oko kuyakuyichaphazela kanjani ukuma ngo-kwezimali kukamasipala kunye nokubonelela kwamatyala angathandekiyo nanika

intandabuzo?

■ Ingaba lakuyichaphazela njani ingqesho kunye nemivuzo yabantu kule ngingqi yalo masipala? Lukabachaphazela njani abahlali-rhafu ngokokuhlalwa, nangokwa kwigeniso yakwamasipala kunye nesibonelelo samatyala angathandekiyo nazisa intandabuzo?

■ Ingaba liyakunyika inani lemizi elifanelwe ukufumana isaphulelo serhafu kunye neenkonzelo ezingundoqo ezisimahla njengoko ucacisa umgaqo-nkqubo wabahluphekileyo? Ingaba oku kuya kulichaphazela njani ixabiso lokubonelela ngeenkonzelo, kwakhona uzindzo ngokwemali kukamasipala luya kuchaphazela njani?

■ Ingaba ukungqongophala kwemali kwakuluchaphazela njani ixabiso lokubonelela kwemali ngumasipala? Ingaba lakunyisa izinga lentlawulo kwimali-mboleko yetyala elikhoyo? Ingaba lukachaphazela isidima sobume bezimali zikamasipala sokwenza ityala lokuhlalwa ezo-projekti sezicetyiwe, ezinkulu nezihlala ixesha elide? Ingaba kuya kufuneka silibazise ukwenza iprojekti ezithili, ezo zinkulu nezihlala ixesha elide, ezifana nokuphuculwa kombane nesixakeke ngawo kungoku?

Le yimbuzo enzima kakhulu nedinga ukuba sichule kakuhle ukuyiphundela sizivelela zonke iinkalo ukunikekisa ukuba imale yezimali yakamasipala ayifakwe enciphweni. Ukuqulungu olu hlahlo-lwabiwo mali kuye kwafuneka ukuba sithi gqolo ukulandela ezi zikhokhele zilandelayo, ezifana:

● Ukukhusela abahluphekileyo

● Ukwakha uqoqosho kunye nokukhuthaza utyalo-mali

● Ukudalwa kwemisebenzi kunye nokulwa intlupheko

● Kwaye ngoxa sisenza ezi zinto kufuneka sikhumbule ukugcina inqanaba letyala elilungileyo khon'ukuzi iints-

hukumo zethu zanamhlanje zingabi yimiqobo kuphuhliso lwethu ngomso.

Izinto ezincedisisa kuqulunqo kohlahlo-lwabiwo mali

1. Uhlalo-lwabiwo mali lwemivuzo yabasebenzi

Kuluhlalo-lwabiwo mali sifake umyinge we-12.79% nesibonelelo sokunyuka kwemivuzo yabasebenzi kunye nemali ahlawulwa oocaba. Siqikelela ukuba kubasebenzi abakhoyo akekho oyakuthi ayeke umsebenzi ngakoko isibonelelo kulahlalo-lwabiwo mali yokunyuka kwemivuzo senzile abasebenzibonke.

2. Iinkcitho Jikelele

Xa bekuqulunqwa oluhlalo-lwabiwo mali kuye kwaqikelelwa okokuba inkcitho kwiinkonzo nakwipetroli iyakunika ngeqondo elingephi. Kwakhona kuye kwaqikelelwa okokuba zonke izinto ezibonelwe kwiinkcitho yexesha elide ziya kugqitywa ebudeni bonyaka-mali ka-2014/15 njengoko kwenziwe isibonelelo sokuhla kwexabiso leziprojekti ngokuisisana nendlela yokubalwa kweemali zikamasipala (GRAP). Ukubalwa kokuhla kwamaxabiso ezinto kuyahluka kuxhomekeke kubude bexesha elinokusetyenziswa ngalo ibe eloxhele liphakathi kweminyaka eli-9 nama-20.

3. Iirhafu

— Senze isibonelele zokunyuka kwirhafu yombane nge-8.06%

— Iirhafu zokunyuka kwezakhiwo kunye nokunyuka kwezinye iirhafu zigcine ngaphantsi komyinge we-7%

— Iirhafu zamaholo oluntu kunye namaziko ezemidlalo aye anyuswe khonkuzwe ezona ndleko zawo zibenokuzihlawula. Kuye kwacaca ukuba iirhafu ezihlawulelwa ukusetyenziswa kwawo ziphantsi kakhulu ntlelo ebanqela kungabikho mali yanelo yokufanekela. Sekunjalo, ezirhafu somana sizinyusa side sifikelele kweyona mali-ncitho.

— Ukususela ngoJulayi 2013 siye saqalisa irafu yamanzi esebenza ngokwamanqanqwa. Ukususela ngo-1 Ju-

layi 2014 siza kuqalisa inqanqwa elitsha eliya kubiza iR 5/k, ngoxa oomasipala abaninzi bebesele bebizwa iR 15/k ngokomlinganiselo kwelinqanqwa kanti elona xabiso liphuzulu kwelinqanqwa yi R 27/k. Oku kuyimbonakalo ecalileyo yokokuba asiyoqokeleli yonke inkcitho yethu kunikezelo lweenkonzo yaye oku kuba nefuthe kwindlela esinikela ngayo iinkonzo.

Ulawulo lwasePhondweni kungoku nje lwenza imfuno-lwazi ngentlawulo eyenziwayo njengegalelo kwinkcitho yokufakela iinkonzo ngenjongo yokwenza olugalelo lube lolulinganayo. Uyakumangaliswa kukuba ngoxa thina sibiza i-R27 000 ngesiza, abanye oomasipala abalapha kwiPhondo baziza irafu ekumyinge wama-R70 000 ngesiza. Ewe i-Langeberg ngomnye woomasipala abanamaxabiso aphantsi kwiLizwe. Kodwa oku ekugqibeleni oku kunokuchaphazela ukukwazi kwethu barakho ukunikezela ngeenkonzelo ezisemgangathweni nanjengokuba kulindelwe ngabemi bethu.

4. Iinzame zokulungiselela abahluphekileyo

Ukuqiniseka ukuba lo masipala uyakhathala kwaye usebenzela abo bangathathi-ntweni silenze oluhlalo-lwabiwo mali ngendlela eya kwenza ukuba ifuthe elibi lemo yezoqoqosho aliwachaphazeli kakubi amaqela abantu abangakhuselekanga ngokwezoqoqosho. Siya sasebenzisa intlanganisela wamaqhinga amathathu:

4.1. Ama-R80 000 okugala exabiso lesakhiwo awasayi kuhlawulelwa irhafu ngoxa umthetho uyiayela ukuba ibe -R15 000 okugala kuphela angahlawulelwa rhafu. Somlo-mo esisibonelelo sokungahlawuli rhafu senza umahluko omkhulu ekunciphiseni uxanduva lokuhlawula irhafu kula maxesha anzima kwezoqoqosho.

4.2. Ukuzi ubani afumane ixaxo yesibonelelo sabantu abahluphekileyo imele ingenisio yekhaya ingadluli kwi-R3000. Imali-ingeniso yekhaya sisixaxo-mali esamkelwa ngabantu bonke abahlala kwelokhaya bedibene. Noko ke, sifuna ukuyigxininisa into

yokuba isibonelelo-mali sakoxuthwa nakubani na othe:

a. Wavula ivenkile yeSpaza kwindlu efumana isibonelelo ngokungekho semthethweni

b. Wavumela ukuba kutsalwe umbane ngokungekho semthethweni kwindlu efumana isibonelelo-mali sabangathathi-ntweni;

c. Ukuqashisa ngendlu efumana isibonelelo-mali sabangathathi-ntweni ntlelo eyethu ukuba oyena mntu ebenze eso sicelo asinguye ohlala kulo ndlu;

4.3. Kwakhona siye ssebenzisa inkqubo yokunika isaphulelo seRhafu kwabo Bafumana Umhlala-Phantsi abaneminyaka engaphezu kwama-60 yobudala. Ukuba imaligeniso yalowo umhlala-phantsi engama-R 3000 ngokwekhaya uyakufumana isaphulelo sama-60%. Ngoxa abo bafumana umhlala-phantsi engama-R 5000 ngenyanga bona bafumana isaphulelo sama-40% kwirhafu abayihlawulayo.

Iimbalsane ngohlalo-lwabiwo mali

Uhlalo-lwabiwo mali luthiwa thaca namhlanje lumi ngohlalo:

Uhlalo-lwabiwo mali lukamasipala yonyaka mali ka-2014/15 yi- R 546 494 490 yezigidi eyenziwe ngohlalo,

■ I-R 54 140 170 yezigidi iyakusetyenziselwa ukuhlanga izinto ezihlala ixesha elide

■ ngoxa i-R 492 354 320 yezigidi iyakusetyenziselwa ukusebenza kukamasipala.

Ingeniso/ukunyuka kweerhafu

■ Iirhafu yezakhiwo kwiindawo zokuhlala yi-7.2%, izakhiwo zamashishini yi-7.2%, ize kwiindawo zemihlabi yezolimo ibe yi-7.2%. Ngoxa i-7.2% ingavakala ingathi inkulu kufuneka nithathe ingqalelo yokuba itsho ukunyunyusa nge-0.0005 yesenti.

■ Umbane yi-7.39%

■ Amanzi azakunika nge-7.5%

■ Iinkonzo zogutyulo nge-6.9% ntlelo eyethu ukunyunyusa kwi-R110.61 ukuya kwi-R118.24 ngenyanga

■ Iinkunkuma yonyaka nge-7.9% ukusuka kwi-R84.37 ukuya kwi-R91.04 ngenyanga

Izinga lokunyunyusa kwamahlalo awohlukeneyo eenkcitho

Ngakwicala leenkcitho ukunyunyusa kuza kwenziwa ngohlalo:

■ Imivuzo yabasebenzi (kuquka nokunyunyusa kwayo) 12.79%

■ Iinkcitho Jikelele 8%

■ Ukuhlawula kwezinto -8%

■ Inzala kwimali echithwa kwizinto ezihlala ixesha elide -18.72%

■ Ukuthengwa kwamanzi nombane 8.06%

Oku kuyakuba kubonisiweyo sisiphumo sokudityaniswa kwezinto ezifana ukukhula nokwenza izinto ngokuphulelayo kwiinkonzo ezingundoqo ezisiseko-serhafu, ukusebenza ngokupheleleyo kunye nemigaqo-nkqubo ephathelele ngenkqubo nethi ijoliswe ekunyunyiseni nasekuzinziseni yonke imithombo yengeniso.

Ukufakwa kwemali iyakusetyenziselwa ukuthenga izinto ezihlala ixesha elide nesuka kukamasipala (CRR) abaxisa i-R33 yezigidi.

Esi sixaxo mali sibonisa ukunyunyuka kwexabiso ebeligwangciswe ngaphambili nelenzelwe ukuhlangabezana nokutyalwa-kwemali kwezo nkono zakamasipala ezingundoqo nezihlala ixesha elide, eziye zachongwa kwi-IDP. Lo mkhomo wenkqubo ubonakala unokuthwaleka kule minyaka mithathu ilandelayo yohlalo lwabiwo-mali.

Imali esiyifumana kuRhulumente yokwenza imisebenzi ehla ixesha elide yi- 38.84%.

Isiqumbelo

"Ndifuna ukuqumbela ngelithi oluhlalo-lwabiwo mali akufuneka libe malunga namanani kodwa kufuneka libe sisigcangciso esiza kukhulisa ubomi babantu bethu ngendlela elulutho. Ewe, oluhlalo-lwabiwo mali kufuneka libe sibonelelo sokuhlulula uluntu oluthwaka yindlela kulo masipala. Uluntu kufuneka lusigwebwe ngokwendlela esilusebenzise ngalo oluhlalo-lwabiwo mali" utsho, Gagiano.

Namhlanje ndibeka oluhlalo-lwabiwo mali ngexesha kanye ihlabathi litsala nzima kwezoqoqosho. Amazwe amaninzi nawasengale ubukhulu bezoqoqosho kukhona ephuma kwintlekele yezoqoqosho noxa oko kusenzeka ngokucutha nangokuhla okukhulu kweqondo loqoqosho.

Kwisiqingatha sokugqibela sika2013, uqoqosho lwaseMzantsi Afrika lukhule lwayokutsho kwi-2% ngokwalo nyaka, luqhuthisa koko bekuindelelekelele nobekuchazwe njenge-1.7% yokukhula kogoqosho kwisiqingatha ebesingaphambili nobekundelelekele kukhuthazwe kukukhula kumasebe ezemigodi.

Kulindelekele ukuba ukukhula kogoqosho lunyuke luyekutsho kwi-2.7% kunyaka ka2014 luphinde kwakho lunyuke nge3.2% kunyaka ka2015. "Sonke siyazi ukuba imeko esisebenza kuyo ayikho ngokuthanda kwethu kodwa imingenielelo engaphandle idlala indima enkulu ekwakheni kogoqosho lwethu," utshilo uSodolophu uDiana Gagiano waku Masipala wase Langeberg.

Eyona nto ixhalabisayo lungcipheko lokulahlaka kwemisebenzi oluzakulandela ntlelo eyethu ukuthi abona bantu bahluphekileyo nabangathathi-ntweni bazakulwa ulwamvula kweli xesha loqoqosho. Umzekelo, kwisinqingatha sokuphela kuka2013, igondo lokulahlaka kwemisebenzi eMzantsi Afrika luthathe kancinci kukwisishindiso sesibini ngokwesiqingatha lusiya ku-24.1%, lusuka ku24.5% ebichazwe kwithuba langaphambili. Ingcaciso ephangaleleyo ngokungaqesha, nequka abo bantu abayekele ukukhangela umsebenzi, lufikelele kwi-34%.

Inkangeleko yeqondo lokunyuka kwamaxabiso ezinto nalo alinikithemba ukusuka ngoDisemba (EyoMnga) 2013, igondo lokunyuka kwamaxabiso ezinto ezinto lubaleke layokuma kwi-5.4% ngonyaka, emva kokuba beliyelathatha kancinci kwezinyanga zintathu zidlulileyo oko

intandabuzo?

■ Ingaba lakuyichaphazela njani ingqesho kunye nemivuzo yabantu kule ngingqi yalo masipala? Lukabachaphazela njani abahlali-rhafu ngokokuhlalwa, nangokwa kwigeniso yakwamasipala kunye nesibonelelo samatyala angathandekiyo nazisa intandabuzo?

■ Ingaba liyakunyika inani lemizi elifanelwe ukufumana isaphulelo serhafu kunye neenkonzelo ezingundoqo ezisimahla njengoko ucacisa umgaqo-nkqubo wabahluphekileyo? Ingaba oku kuya kulichaphazela njani ixabiso lokubonelela ngeenkonzelo, kwakhona uzindzo ngokwemali kukamasipala luya kuchaphazela njani?

■ Ingaba ukungqongophala kwemali kwakuluchaphazela njani ixabiso lokubonelela kwemali ngumasipala? Ingaba lakunyisa izinga lentlawulo kwimali-mboleko yetyala elikhoyo? Ingaba lukachaphazela isidima sobume bezimali zikamasipala sokwenza ityala lokuhlalwa ezo-projekti sezicetyiwe, ezinkulu nezihlala ixesha elide? Ingaba kuya kufuneka silibazise ukwenza iprojekti ezithili, ezo zinkulu nezihlala ixesha elide, ezifana nokuphuculwa kombane nesixakeke ngawo kungoku?

Le yimbuzo enzima kakhulu nedinga ukuba sichule kakuhle ukuyiphundela sizivelela zonke iinkalo ukunikekisa ukuba imale yezimali yakamasipala ayifakwe enciphweni. Ukuqulungu olu hlahlo-lwabiwo mali kuye kwafuneka ukuba sithi gqolo ukulandela ezi zikhokhele zilandelayo, ezifana:

● Ukukhusela abahluphekileyo

● Ukwakha uqoqosho kunye nokukhuthaza utyalo-mali

● Ukudalwa kwemisebenzi kunye nokulwa intlupheko

● Kwaye ngoxa sisenza ezi zinto kufuneka sikhumbule ukugcina inqanaba letyala elilungileyo khon'ukuzi iints-

Ontwikkelingsplan lê ter insae vir kommentaar

Hiermee word kennis gegee dat die Geïntegreerde Ontwikkelingsplan by alle munisipale kantore en biblioteke in die Langeberg-area vanaf 1 April tot 9 Mei ter insae lê.

Hoofstuk 4 van die Munisipale Stelselswet van 2000 meld dat alle munisipaliteite 'n bestuurskultuur moet ontwikkel wat formele, verteenwoordigende regering met 'n deelnemende bestuursteelsel komplementeer en moet vir hierdie doel, geleentheid skep en die plaaslike gemeenskap aanmoedig om aan munisipale sake deel te neem – insluitend die voorbereiding, implementering en hersiening van sy geïntegreerde ontwikkelingsplan, ingevolge Hoofstuk 5 van die Wet.

Geïntegreerde Ontwikkelingsplan (GOP)
Suid-Afrikaanse plaaslike munisipaliteite moet die GOP as 'n metode gebruik om vir spesifieke, toekomstige ontwikkelingsareas in

die gemeenskap te beplan.

Dit is 'n uitstekende plan wat 'n omvattende ontwikkelingsraamwerk voorsien. Die doel daarvan is om die werk van plaaslike- en ander regeringsfere in 'n logiese plan te koördineer, sodat die lewenskwaliteit van alle inwoners in die area kan verbeter.

Die plan neem die huidige omstandighede, probleme en die hulpbronne wat vir ontwikkeling beskikbaar is, in ag. Dit spreek ook sosio-ekonomiese ontwikkeling vir die breë area aan. Voorts stel dit 'n raamwerk vir infrastruktuur en dienste wat benodig word, grondgebruik asook die bewaring van die omgewing.

Dit neem ses tot nege maande om 'n GOP te ontwikkel. Gedurende hierdie tydperk gaan dienslewering en ontwikkeling voort soos voorheen beplan. Dit word opgestel in konsultasie met forums en rolspelers en die finale

dokument moet deur die Raad goedgekeur word. Sodra voltooi, moet die munisipaliteit se beplanning en projekte daarvolgens verloop.

Die plan het 'n vyfjaar lewensduur wat direk aan die termyn van die plaaslike raadslede gekoppel is. Na elke plaaslike regeringsverkiezing bepaal die nuwe raad die toekoms van die GOP – die bestaande GOP kan aanvaar word, of 'n nuwe een kan ontwikkel word. Die bestaande plan moet egter in ag geneem word.

Geïntegreerde ontwikkelingsbeplanning laat 'n munisipaliteit toe om skaars hulpbronne ten beste te benut en help met die bespoediging van dienslewering. Hierbenewens laat dit raadslede toe om besluite te neem wat op die behoeftes en prioriteite van die gemeenskap geskoei is.



IDP open for comment

Notice is hereby given that the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) is open for perusal at all municipal offices and libraries in the Langeberg area from 1 April until 9 May.

Chapter 4 of the Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 states that all municipalities must develop a culture of municipal governance that complements formal representative government with a system of participatory governance and must, for this purpose, encourage and create conditions for the local community to participate in municipal affairs, including the preparation, implementation and review of its integrated development plan in terms of chapter 5 of the Act.

Integrated Development Plan

South African local municipalities have to use IDP as a method to plan specific future development areas in the community.

This is an excellent plan that provides an inclusive framework for development. Its purpose is to coordinate the work of local and other spheres of government in a logical plan to improve the quality of life for all those residing in the area. The plan takes

into account the current conditions, problems and resources available for development. It also addresses socio-economic development for the area as a whole. Furthermore, it sets a framework for infrastructure and services needed for the use of land and protection of the environment.

It takes six to nine months to develop the IDP. During this period service delivery and development continues. It is drawn up in consultation with forums and stakeholders and the final document must be approved by council. Once it is complete, the municipality's planning and projects should happen accordingly. The plan has a lifespan of five years that is directly linked to the term of office for local councillors. After each local government election the new council decides on the future of the IDP, the existing IDP can be adopted or a new one can be developed but should take into consideration the existing one.

The IDP allows a municipality to make the best use of scarce resources and assists in speeding up service delivery. Moreover, it permits councillors to make decisions solely based on the needs and priorities of the community.

iSigwangciso Sonxibelelwano noPhuhliso sivulelwe ukuhlolwa



Kukhutshwa isaziso sokuba isiSigwangciso Sonxibelelwano noPhuhliso sivulelwe ukuhlolwa kuzo zonke ii-Ofisi zakwaMasipala nakuwo onke amatshala-eencwadi kule ngingqi yaseLangeberg ukusela ngomhla we 1 April (Kweka Tshazimpunzi) ukuya kowama 9 Meyi (Kweka Canzibe). Umqulu wezicwangciso ezinxibelelwe nezophuhliso kwakunye nowohlalo lwabiwo mali womnyaka ka-2014/15 uye wanikezelwa kwisigqeba solawulo lukaMasipal ngomhla we-28 kaMatshi 2014.

[Sahluko sesi-4 soMithetho wama-32 weeNkqubo zakwaMasipala ka-2000 sithi ukufuneka bonke omasipala baqulunqa indlela yokulawula umasipala enokuthi ikwazi ukuhlenganisa izisekelo zakwarhulumente kunye nenkqubo yokulawula kothatho-nxaxheba, ngexa yesisizathu kukwanyanzelekile ukuba bakhuthaze kwaye benze imo eyenza uluntu lwasekuhlaleni lubenakho ukuthatha inxaxheba kwimiba kamasipala, oko kuquka ukulungiselela, ukwenziwa kunye nokuhlolwa kwezicwangciso esinxibelelweyo sophuhliso ngokwengcaciso yesahluko sesi-5 soMithetho.

Isigwangciso Esinxibelelweyo Sophuhliso (IDP)

OoMasipala baseMakhaya baseMzantsi Afrika bamele ukusebenzisa i-IDP njengesixhobo sokucwangcisa ezongingqi zilindele ukuphuhlisa kwixesha elizayo zalapho ekuhlaleni Esi sigwangciso esisebenzisekayo ngoba sibonelela ngesalathiso sophuhliso esiqulathe konke. Eyona njongo yaso kukudibanisa yonke imisebenzi yoorhulumente basemakhaya kunye naleyo yamanye amabakala oorhulumente oko kusenziwa ngokwesisigwangciso esilandelelekayo ukuze

kubenokuphuculwa umgangatho wobomi babo bonke abangabahlali bakulo ngingqi. Siye sithathe la ingqalelo imeko ezikhoyo ngelo xesha, iingxaki kunye nezinto ezifumanekayo nezinkuba sisongezelela kuphuhliso. Sikwahlangabezana nophuhliso loqoqosho lwentlalo yoluntu kulo ngingqi iphela. Ukongezelela, siye sithathe indlela ngesalathiso seenkonzo ezingundoqo zakamasipala, iinkonzo ezidingekayo, ukusetyenziswa komhlaba kunye nokukhuselwa kokusingqongileyo.

Kuthatha iinyanga ezisi-6 ukuya kwezi-9 ukudibanisa i-IDP, ngoxa oko kusenzeka, unikezelo lweenkonzo kunye nophuhliso luyaqhubeka. Siye senziwe ngokothetha-thethwano kwakunye nendibaniselwano zasekuhlaleni kunye nabanye abantu ababandakanyekayo, umqulu ekuvunyelwene ngawo kufuneka uphunyewe libhunga. Xa kugqityiwe oko, ziye izigwangciso neeprojekti zakamasipala zenziwe zihambisane nesigwangciso. Isigwangciso senzelwe ukusebenza iminyaka emi-5, kwaye loo minyaka inqamana nexesha le-ofisini yoocebama. Emva kolonyulo ngalunye boorhulumente basemakhaya, ocebama abathisa baye bathathe isigqibo ngekamva le-IDP, i-IDP abafike ikhona bangakhetha ukusebenza ngayo okanye bangaqulunqa enye, kodwa oko bekwenza kuthathela ingqalelo yaleyo ikhoyo.

Isigwangciso Esinxibelelweyo Sophuhliso siyumela uMasipala ukuba abenakho ukusebenzisa ngendlela engcomekayo ezo zinto zilulutho nezinqongopheleyo kananjalo sikwanceda ukutha amandla kwizinga lokunikezelwa kwenkonzo.

Ngaphezu kwakho konke, sinika imvume koocebama ukuba bangathatha izigqibo ezisekelezelwe kwiimfuno zoluntu kuphela zo zinto zibalulekileyo eluntwini.



Langeberg show off its magnificent scenery for Cape Epic mountain bikers



LANGEBERG VERWELKOM EPIC: Die Absa Cape Epic het onlangs die Langeberg-area besoek en vir die tweede keer bergfietsryers van regoor die wêreld na die area gelok. Die Langeberg-munisipaliteit was weer eens 'n bestemmingsvennoot vir hierdie uitnemende geleentheid en was die gasheer vir twee bene, van 24 tot 26 Maart, van die uitdaging. Die wedrenndorpie was by die Arabella Wynlandgoed tussen Robertson en Ashton.

FOTO'S: BREEDEPHOTOGRAPHY | MORNE MARAIS EN ABSA CAPE EPIC



ILANGEBERG YAMNKELA IEPIK: I-Absa Cape Epic ibibanjwa okwesibini kwinqila yaseLangeberg nethe yatsala umdla kubakhweli bebhayisekile zentaba kwilabathi liphela ukuba beze kule ngingqi yethu. Kwakhona umasipala waseLangeberg uyewabambisana nabo bebesingathe lo mnyadalo wodumo ngenxa yendawo ububanjwe kuyo, ngoba inqanaba lokuqala nelesibini belibanjwe kule ngingqi ngomhla wama-24 ukuya kowama-26 Matshi(kweyoKwindla) 2014. Iindawo bekumiselwe kuyo lo mnyadala bekuse-Arabella Wine Estate, phakathi kwe-Robertson ne-Ashton.

LANGEBERG WELCOMES EPIC: The Absa Cape Epic is the second time attracting mountain bikers from around the world to our Municipality. Once again the Langeberg prestigious event and hosted race village was located at Ashton.

Cape Epic took place in the Langeberg region for mountain bikers from around the world to our Municipality was a destination partner to this stages one and two from 24 to 26 March. The Arabella Wine Estate between Robertson and Ashton.



Water certified safe

It is important that treated water complies with the strict South African National Standards (SANS). Analysis reports are done monthly at these purification plants by an external service provider, the SANS accredited A.L. Abbot and Associates. The latest report, compiled in February, breaks down the five towns' treated water results and shows the water to be safe according to the SANS 241 standards as indicated in this SANS certificate of analysis report.

Dit is belangrik dat die behandelde water voldoen aan die streng Suid-Afrikaanse Nasionale Standaard (SANS). Ontledingsverslae word op 'n maandelikse basis by hierdie suiweringsaanlegte deur 'n eksterne diensverskaffer, die SANS-geakkrediteerde A.L. Abbot and Associates, gedoen. Die mees onlangse verslag, saamgestel in Februarie, gee 'n uiteensetting van die vyf dorpe se behandelde water en dui aan dat die water veilig is volgens die SANS 241-standaard, soos in die tabel uiteengesit.

Ingingqi yaseLangeberg inamaziko amahlanu okucoca amanzi aselwayo kunye namanye amahlanu okucoca awelindle. Kubalulekile ukuba oku kucocwa kwamanzi kwenziwe ngokwemigqaliselo enqingwe ngabakwaSouth National Standards (SANS). Iingxelo zokuhlolwa kwamanzi zenziwa rhoqo ngenyanga kulo maziko okucocwa kwamanzi, lusenziwa leqela langaphandle elinikezela ngalo nkonzo, lakwa- A.L. Abbot and Associates neliphunyeziweyo lakwa-SANS. Ingxelo yamva-nje equlunqwe nguMasipala waseLangeberg ngo-Februwari icazulula iziphumo zokucocwa kwamanzi kwidolophu zontlanu, ikwa hawula neziphumo zokukhuseleka kwamanzi ngokwamanqanaba ka-SANS 241 nanjengoko kubonakalisiwe kwesi sigcanga sengxelo yokuhlolwa singezantsi neyenziwe ngabakwa-SANS:

ANALYSES	ASHTON Sample no.: 2631 Date Sample: 6/2/2014 Date Analysed: 6/2/2014	BONNIEVALE Sample no.: 2621 Date Sample: 6/2/2014 Date Analysed: 6/2/2014	McGREGOR Sample no.: 2616 Date Sample: 6/2/2014 Date Analysed: 6/2/2014	MONTAGU Sample no.: 2625 Date Sample: 6/2/2014 Date Analysed: 6/2/2014	ROBERTSON Sample no.: 2611 Date Sample: 6/2/2014 Date Analysed: 6/2/2014	SANS 241-1 2011
pHs (at 25 °C)	8.60	8.20	9.30	8.30	9.00	≥5≤9.7 Operational
pH (at 25 °C)	7.46	7.58	6.55	7.39	6.89	≥5≤9.7 Operational
Conductivity (mS/m) (at 25 °C)	88.9	89.4	9.8	69.8	18.3	≤ 170 Aesthetic
Turbidity (NTU)	2.7	1.8	3.6	5.4	3.4	≤1 Aesthetic ≤5 Operational
Langelier Saturation Index (at 25 °C)	-0.73	-0.58	-2.8	-0.94	-2.1	N/A
Ryznar Index	9.7	8.8	12.1	9.2	11.1	N/A
Colour (mg/l as Pt)	<1	<1	18	<1	<1	≤15 Aesthetic
CaCO ₃ Precipitation Potential (mg/l)	-13.2	-9.7	-61.3	-15.6	-35.7	N/A
Total Alkalinity (mg/l as CaCO ₃)	106	109	49.9	96.6	62.3	N/A
Total Hardness (mg/l as CaCO ₃)	142	147	15.8	112	30.9	N/A
Calcium (mg/l as Ca)	18.7	19.7	2.4	14.6	4.5	N/A
Magnesium (mg/l as Mg)	23.2	23.9	2.4	18.3	4.8	N/A
Aluminium (ug/l as Al)	477	158	301	648	198	≤300 Operational
Iron (ug/l as Fe)	30	19	264	44	70	≤15 Aesthetic ≤2 000 Chronic Health
Free Chlorine (mg/l)	0.30	1.8	0.14	1.7	0.79	≤5.0 Chronic Health
E.coli (count per 100ml)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	Not Detected Acute Health -1
Total Coliform Bacteria (count per 100ml)	<1	<1	23	<1	<1	Not detected acute health -1
Calcium Hardness (mg/l as CaCO ₃)	46.8	49.3	6.0	36.5	11.2	N/A
Magnesium Hardness (mg/l as CaCO ₃)	95.1	98.0	9.8	75.2	19.7	N/A

GET CONNECTED TO YOUR CITY'S SMS DATABASE

Langeberg Municipality wants to notify account holders about matters in the area via SMS notices. We hereby request account holders to provide their cellphone numbers, to help the Municipality update the database.

Register your contact number
at your nearest Municipal Office
or email debiteure@langeberg.gov.za

Only one cellphone number per Municipal Account

Please provide us with the following information:
Name and Surname, Municipal Account Number, Cell Number, Street Address & Ward Number.

Receive information on floods, power outages, pipe burst, road works, water and electricity services, public meetings etc.

Abafumana ii-akhawunti zakamasipala-bazakwaziswa nge-SMS

UMasipala waseLangeberg ngoku usebenzisa inkqubo apho izaziso ze-SMS zinokuthunyelwa kwabo abafumana iikhawunti zikamasipala.

Sicela bonke abafumana iikhawunti zikamasipala ukuba basibonelele ngenombolo zabo zeselufowni, ukusinceda sikwazi ukuhlaziya uluhlu lweenkcukacha-magama.

Oku kuzakusinceda ukuba sibonakho ukuchaza ngemeko zongxamiseko ezimalunga nezikhukhula, ukumka kombane kunye nokugqab-

huka kwemibhobho kule ngingqi sisebenzisa i-SMS.

Uyacelwa ukuba utyelele ezondawo kubhatalwa kuzo kwezo-ofisi zahlukeneyo kule ngingqi kamasipala, ubanike inombolo yakho yeselufowni, iinkcukacha ze-akhawunti kunye nenombolo yewadi, okanye ungazithumela nge-email ku-debiteure@langeberg.gov.za. Le dilesi ye-email ikhuselwe kwi-spambot. Ngoko udinga i-JavaScript ukuze ubonakho ukuyivula.

Kom op munisipaliteit se SMS-databasis

Die Langeberg-munisipaliteit maak tans gebruik van 'n stelsel waar ons kennisgewings per SMS aan rekeninghouers kan stuur.

Die munisipaliteit rig hiermee 'n versoek aan alle rekeninghouers om hulle selfoonnommers te verskaf sodat die munisipaliteit se databasis opdateer kan word. Dit sal die munisipaliteit in staat stel om in die toekoms kennisgewings rakende noodsituasies soos vloed, krag-

onderbrekings en bars van pype in die omgewing per SMS aan u te kommunikeer. U word hiermee vriendelik versoek om die kassier-spunte by die verskillende kantore in die dorpe te besoek en u rekening-nommer sowel as selfoonnummer en wyknummer te verskaf of per e-pos aan te stuur na debiteure@langeberg.gov.za. U samewerking in die verband sal baie waardeer word.



Library Week engages community

Libraries are one of the most important information sources that serve our communities. Library Week was therefore an opportunity that could not be passed up to involve the community

in interesting activities.

The Afrikaans Language Museum and Monument and Montagu Museum had a special herbs program, offered in collaboration with the Langeberg libraries.

The Ashton Library arranged a special visit for Ashton learners with the blue Smurf as host.

Western Cape Minister of Culture and Sport, Dr Ivan Meyer, visited Langeberg's Mountain View Library and Robertson Museum. How to get the community more involved with our local museums and libraries was also discussed. A particular word of thanks went to Jeff la Key who collected newspaper clippings of events around the community over many years.



Bibweek was spesiaal

Biblioteke is een van die belangrikste inligtingsbronne tot diens van die gemeenskap en daarom is daar gebruik gemaak van Biblioteekweek om die gemeenskap betrokke te maak by interessante aktiwiteite.

Die Afrikaanse Taalmuseum en Monument en Montagu Museum het 'n spesiale Kuier rondom Kruiden- en plantegroei gehad wat in samewerking met die Langeberg-biblioteke aangebied is.

Die Ashton-biblioteek het ook iets spesiaal, met die blou Smurf as gas-

heer, vir plaaslike leerders aangebied.

Die Wes-Kaapse minister van sport en kultuur, dr. Ivan Meyer, het die Langeberg Mountain View-biblioteek en die Robertson-museum besoek. Een van die besprekingspunte was hoe om meer gemeenskapbetrektheid by ons plaaslike museums en biblioteke aan te wakker. 'n Besondere woord van dank gaan aan mnr. Jeff Lakay wat oor baie jare heen koerantknipsels maak van gebeure in die gemeenskap.

ILangeberg iyolisa iVeki Yendlu Yencwadi

Amathala-eencwadi yeyona mithombo ibalulekileyo yeenkucha nethi incende abahlali, ngako oko iVeki yaMathala-eencwadi ibingenakuphosakala njengehuba lokubandakanya abahlali kwizinto ezinika umdla.

Iziko Lokubuka Izinto Zamandulo neZikhumbuzo ngeLwimi lesiBhulu kunye neZiko Lokubuka Izinto zaMandulo eliseMontagu ebenenkqubo ngamayeza akhethekileyo, oko kusenziwa ngokuvisisana naMathala-eencwadi aseLangeberg.

Ithala-lencwadi elise-Ashton liququzelele utyelele olukhethekileyo lwabantwana besikolo, bekukho noblue Smurf.

UMphathiswa weZemidlalo naMasi-ko, uGq. Ivan Meyer, utyelele ithala-lencwadi iLangeberg Mountain View kunye neZiko Lokubuka Izinto zaMandulo elise-Robertson. Enye into ethe yaxoxwa ibe zindlela zokubandakanya



isininzi sabahlali kumaZiko Okubuka Izinto zaMandulo kunye namathala-eencwadi asekuhlaleni. Ilizwi lombulelo nelukhethekileyo lenziwe kuMnu. Jeff

Lakay noqokelele iziqwenga kumaphela-naba ngeminyadala yasekuhlaleni ngaphezu kwinyaka emininzi edlulileyo.

Meetings with community a success

The first block meeting in the Langeberg Municipality took place on 4 March in Ward 11. The meeting was well attended by the community members in the block with ward committee members, Mrs. D. Dohms, Cllr. Hull DA (Speaker), Mr. J. Coetzee and Ms A. Cloete.

Each ward committee member was requested to organise a block meeting in his or her block during March.

There were approximately 120 block meetings within the Langeberg area during March and these will continue to be held quarterly.

The purpose of the meetings is to get the input from the community to determine their needs, whether they are satisfied with the service provided by the municipality and to provide feedback and information to the relevant community members.



Umhlangano weBloki ye Wadi 11

UMasipala waseLangeberg ebebambe intlanganisano yokuqala yasekuhlaleni ngoLwesibini umhla we-4 kuMatshi (KweyoniKwindla) 2014 kwa-wadi 11.

Intlanganisano yayizinyaswe linani elivisayo lamangu asekuhlaleni bekunye namalungu ekomiti yewadi, uNkskz. D. Dohms, uCeba Hull DA (uSomlomo), uMnu. J. Coetzee kunye noNkskz. A. Cloete.

Ilungu ngalinye lekomiti lacelwa ukuba liququzelele intlanganisano yasekuhlaleni kwindawo elikuyo apha kuMatshi (KweyoniKwindla). Kuqikelelwa ukuba kuyabanjwa malunga neentlanganisano ezimalunga nama-120 kule ngingqi yaseLangeberg kwisithuba sikaMatshi (SeyoniKwindla) 2014 nezokuthi ziqhubike zibanjwa ngesiqingatha sonyaka.

Isizathu sokubanjwa kwezintlanganisano kungenzame zokufumana igalelo kubahlali ngokuphawula ngeemfundo zabo, ukuba ngaba bayoneliseka ngeenkonzo ababonelelwa ngazo ngumasipala kunye nokunikezela ngengxelo neenkukacha kulo malunga asekuhlaleni abandakanyekayo.

120 vergaderings gehou

Die eerste blokvergadering in die Langeberg-munisipaliteit het op 4 Maart in wyk 11 plaasgevind en is goed bygewoon deur die gemeenskaplede in die blok saam met wykskomiteelid, mev. D. Dohms, rdl. DA Hull (speaker), mnr. J. Coetzee en mev. A. Cloete.

Elke wykskomiteelid is versoek om 'n blokvergadering in sy of haar blok gedurende Maart te belê. Daar is dus gedurende Maart ongeveer 120 blokvergaderings gehou en daar sal kwartaaliks hiermee voortgegaan word.

Die doel van die blokvergaderings is om by inwoners uit te kom om vas te stel wat hulle behoeftes is, of hulle tevrede is met die dienslewering van die munisipaliteit en om terugvoering te gee oor die werksaamhede van die betrokke wykskomitee.



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Emergency & Customer Call Centre
0860 88 1111

Queries or suggestions?
Do you have any suggestions on how we can improve our communication with you?
Or do you perhaps have queries about any of our articles?

Please contact Melissa Jones at mjohnes@langeberg.gov.za or visit us at the Municipal Building, Main Road 28, Ashton, 6715.

Navrae of voorstelle?
Het u dalk enige voorstelle oor hoe ons ons kommunikasie met u kan verbeter?
Of het u dalk navrae omtrent enige van ons artikels?

Kontak Melissa Jones by mjohnes@langeberg.gov.za of besoek ons gerus by die Munisipale gebou, Hoofweg 28, Ashton, 6715.

Imibuzo okanye iingcebiso?
Ingaba unazo kusini na iingcebiso malunga nendlela esinokuphucula ngalo unxibelelwano kunye nawe?
Okanye, ingaba unemibuzo ethile malunga neliinye lamanqaku ethu?
Nceda ke uqhagamshelane no-Melissa Jones, ku-mjohnes@langeberg.gov.za okanye umtyelele kwisakhiwo sakwaMasipala esise-28 Main Road, Ashton, 6715.

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