

INTETHO KASODOLOPHU NGOHLAHLO-LWABIWO MALI

UKUTHIWA THACA KOHLAHLO-LWABIWO MALI LUKA 2014-2016

Namhlanje ndibeka oluhlahlo-lwabiwo mali ngexesha kanye ihlabathi litsala nzima kwezoqoqosho. Amazwe amaninzi nawasingathe ubukhulu bezozoqosho kukhona ephuma kwintlekele yezoqoqosho noxa oko kusenzeka ngokucutha nangokuhla okukhulu kweqondo loqoqosho. Kwisiqingatha sokugqibela sika2013, uqoqosho lwaseMzantsi Afrika lukhule lwayokutsho kwisi-2% ngokwalo nyaka, luqhithisa koko bekulindlekile nobekuchazwe njenge-1,7% yokukhula koqoqosho kwisiqingatha ebesingaphambili nobekulindleke kukhuthazwe kukukhula kumasebe ezemigodi. Kulindlekele ukuba ukukhula koqoqosho lunyuke luyekutsho kwi-2.7% kunyaka ka2014 luphinde kwakho lunyuke nge3.2% kunyaka ka2015. “Sonke siyazi ukuba imeko esisebenza kuyo ayikho ngokokuthanda kwethu kodwa imingenelelo engaphandle idlala indima enkulu ekwakheni koqoqosho lwethu,” utshilo uSodolophu uDiana Gagliano waku Masipala wase Langeberg

Eyona nto ixhalabisayo lungcipheko lokulahleka kwemisebenzi oluzakulandela ntoleyo ethetha ukuthi abona bantu bahluphekileyo nabangathathi'ntweni bazakuliva ulwamvila kweli xesha loqoqosho. Umzekelo, kwisiqingatha sokuphela kuka2013, iqondo lokulahleka kwemisebenzi eMzantsi Afrika luthathe kancinci kukwisisihlandlo sesibini ngokwesiqingatha lusiya ku-24.1%, lusuka ku24.5% ebichazwe kwithuba langaphambili. Ingcaciso ephangaleleyo ngokungaqeshwa, nequka abo bantu abayeke ukukhangela umsebenzi, lufikelele kwi-34%.

Inkangeleko yeqondo lokunyuka kwamaxabiso ezinto nalo alinikithemba ukusuka ngoDisemba (EyoMnga) 2013, iqondo lokunyuka kwamaxabiso ezinto ezinto lubaleke layokuma kwi-5.4% ngonyaka, emva kokuba beliye lathatha kancinci kwezinyanga zintathu zidlulileyo oko kubangelwa kukuyuka kwamaxabiso ezendlu kunye nawezothutho. Ngenyanga, amaxabiso anyuka nge-0.3%.

“Ngakoko, akufunekanga siyijongele phantsi imiceli'mngeni esijongene nayo. Kuqikelelwa ukuba iinyanga ezingama-24 ezilandelayo zezona zizakubanzima neziza kubanemiceli'mngeni ngenxa yoko kuyakudingengeka ubunkokheli obunembono noluyakusikhokhelela kwicala elilungileyo,” utsho uGagliano. Ekuqwalaseleni kwezingxaki yezoqoqosho nesizifumana sikuyo, ekuqulungeni oluhlahlo-lwabiwo mali luphambi kwethu kuye kwafuneka sizibuze imibuzo eqatha:

- Ingaba ukudodobala koqoqosho lwehlabathini luyakuluchaphazela kanjani uqoqosho lwasekuhlaleni?
- Ingaba lakuyichaphazela kanjani izinga lokufunwa kweenkoko zikamasipala ngabahlali kunye namashishini? Kwaye oko kuyakuyichaphazela kanjani ukuma ngokwezimali kukamasipala kunye nokubonelelwa kwamatyala angathandekiyo nanika intandabuzo?
- Ingaba lakuyichaphazela njani ingqesho kunye nemivuzo yabantu kule ngingqi yalo masipala? Lukabachaphazela njani abahlawuli-rhafu ngokokuhlawula, nangokwa kwingeniso yakwamasipala kunye nesibonelelo samatyala angathandekiyo nazisa intanda'buzo?
- Ingaba liyakunyuka inani lemizi elifanelwe ukufumana isaphulelo serhafu kunye neenkondo ezingundoqo ezisimahla njengoko ucacisa umgaqo-nkqubo wabahluphekileyo? Ingaba oku kuya kulichaphazela njani ixabiso lokubonelela ngeenkondo, kwakhona uzindzo ngokwemali kumasipala luya kuchaphazeka njani?
- Ingaba ukunqongophala kwemali kwakuluchaphazela njani ixabiso lokubolekwa kwemali ngumasipala? Ingaba lakunyusa izinga lentlawulo kwimali-mboleko yetyala elikhoyo? Ingaba lukachaphazela isidima sobume bezimali zikamasipala sokwenza ityala lokuhlawula ezoprojekti sezicetyiwe, ezinkulu nezihlala exesha elide? Ingaba kuya kufuneka silibazise ukwenza iiprojekti ezithili, ezo zinkulu nezihlala ixesha ilide, ezifana nokuphuculwa kombane nesixakeke ngawo kungoku?

Le yimibuzo enzima kakhulu nedinga ukuba sichule kakuhle ukuyiphundela sizivelela zonke iinkalo ukuqinisekisa ukuba imeko yezimali yakamasipala ayifakwa enciphekweni. Ukuqulunqa olu hlahlo-lwabiwo mali kuye kwafuneka ukuba sithi gqolo ukulandela ezi zikhokhelo zilandelayo, ezifana:

- Ukukhusela abahluphekileyo
- Ukwakha uqoqosho kunye nokukhuthaza utyalo-mali
- Ukudalwa kwemisebenzi kunye nokulwa intlupheko
- Kwaye ngoxa sisenza ezi zinto kufuneka sikhumbule ukugcina inqanaba letyala elizinzileyo khon'ukuze iintshukumo zethu zanamhlanje zingabi yimiqobo kuphuhliso lwethu ngomso.

IZINTO EZINCEDISA KUQULUNQO KOHLAHLO-LWABIWO MALI.

1. Uhlahlo-lwabiwo mali lwemivuzo yabasebenzi

Koluhlahlo-lwabiwo mali sifake umyinge we-12.79% nesisibonelelo sokunyuka kwemivuzo yabasebenzi kunye nemali ahlawulwa ooceba. Siqikelela ukuba kubasebenzi abakhoyo akekho oyakuthi ayeke umsebenzi ngakooko isibonelelo kuhlahlo-lwabiwo mali yokunyuka kwemivuzo senzilwe abasebenzibonke.

2. linkcitho Jikelele

Xa bekuqulunqwa oluhlahlo-lwabiwo mali kuye kwaqikelelwa okokuba inkcitho kwiinkonzo nakwipetroli iyakunyuka ngeqondo elingephi. Kwakhona kuye kwaqikelelwa okokuba zonke izinto ezibonelwe kwinkcitho yexesha elide ziya kugqitywa ebudeni bonyaka-mali ka-2014/15 njengoko kwenziwe isibonelo sokuhla kwexabiso leziprojekti ngokuvisisana nendlela yokubalwa kweemali zikamasipala (GRAP). Ukubalwa kokuhla kwamaxabiso ezinto kuyahluka kuxhomekeke kubude bexesha elinokusetyenziswa ngalo ibe eloxeha liphakathi kweminyaka eli-9 nama-20.

3. Iirhafu

- Senze isibonelele zokunyuka kwerhafu yombane nge-8.06%
- Iirhafu zokunyuka kwezakhiwo kunye nokunyuka kwezinye iirhafu sizigcine ngaphantsi komyinge we-7%
- Iirhafu zamaholo oluntu kunye namaziko ezemidlalo aye anyuswe khonukuze ezona ndleko zawo zibenokuzihlawula. Kuye kwacaca ukuba iirhafu ezihlawulelwa ukusetyenziswa kwawo ziphantsi kakhulu ntoleyo ebangela kungabikho mali yanelo yokuwanakekela. Sekunjalo, ezirhafu somana sizinyusa side sifikelele kweyona mali-ncitho.
- Ukususela ngoJulayi 2013 siye saqalisa irafu yamanzi esebenza ngokwamanqwanqwa. Ukususela ngo- 1 Julayi 2014 siza kuqalisa inqwanqwa elitsha eliya kubiza iR 5/kl, ngoxa oomaspala abaninzi bebesele bebiza iR 15/kl ngokomlinganiselo kwelinqwanwa kanti elona xabiso liphezulu kwelinqwanqwa yi R 27/kl. Oku kuyimbonakaliso ecacileyo yokokuba asiyiqokeleli yonke inkcitho yethu kunikezelo lweenkonzo yaye oku kuba nefuthe kwindlela esinikela ngayo iinkonzo.

ULawulo lwasePhondweni kungoku nje lwenza imfuno-lwazi ngentlawulo eyenziwayo njengegalelo kwinkcitho yokufakela iinkonzo ngenjongo yokwenza olugalelo lube lolulinganayo. Uyakumangaliswa kukuba ngoxa thina sibiza i-R27 000 ngesiza, abanye oomasipala abalapha kwiPhondo babiza iirhafu ekumyinge wama-R70 000 ngesiza. Ewe i-Langeberg ngomnye woomasipala abanamaxabiso aphantsi kwiLizwe. Kodwa oku ekugqibeleni oku kunokuchaphazela

ukukwazi kwethu banakho ukunikezela ngeenkonzo ezisemgangathweni nanjengokuba kulindelwe ngabemi bethu.

4. Iinzame zokulungiselela abahluphekileyo

Ukuqiniseka ukuba lo masipala uyakhathala kwaye usebenzela abo bangathathi-ntweni silwenze oluhlahlo-lwabiwo mali ngendlela eya kwenza ukuba ifuthe elibi lemo yezoqoqosho aliwachaphazeli kakubi amaqela abantu abangakhuselekanga ngokwezoqoqosho. Siya sasebenzisa intlanganisela wamaqhinga amathathu:

1. Ama-R80 000 okuqala exabiso lesakhiwo awasayi kuhlawulelwa irhafu ngoxa umthetho usiyalela ukuba ibe -R15 000 okuqala kuphela angahlawulelwa rhafu. Somlomo esisibonelelo sokungahlawuli rhafu senza umahluko omkhulu ekunciphiseni uxanduva lokuhlawula irhafu kula maxesha anzima kwezoqoqosho.
2. Ukuze ubani afumane ikxaso yesibonelelo sabantu abahluphekileyo imele ingeniso yekhaya ingadluli **kwi-R3000**. Imali-ngeniso yekhaya sisixa-mali esamkelwa ngabantu bonke abahlala kwelokhaya bedibene. Noko ke, sifuna ukuyigxininisa into yokuba isibonelelo-mali sakoxuthwa nakubani na othe:
 - a. Wavula ivenkile yeSpaza kwindlu efumana isibonelelo ngokungekho semthethweni
 - b. Wavumela ukuba kutsalwe umbane ngokungekho semthethweni kwindlu efumana isibonelelo-mali sabangathathi-ntweni;
 - c. Ukuqashisa ngendlu efumana isibonelelo-mali sabangathathi-ntweni ntoleyo ethetha ukuba oyena mntu ebenze eso sicelo asinguye ohlala kulo ndlu;
3. Kwakhona siye ssebenzisa inkqubo yokunika isaphulelo seRhafu kwabo Bafumana Umhlala-Phantsi abaneminyaka engaphezu kwama-60 yobudala. Ukuba imali-ngeniso yalowo ufumana umhlala-phantsi ingama-R 3000 ngokwekhaya uyakufumana isaphulelo sama-60%. Ngoxa abo bafumana umhlala-phantsi engama-R 5000 ngenyanga bona bofumana isaphulelo sama-40% kwirhafu abayihlawulayo.

IIMBALASANE NGOHLAHLO-LWABIWO MALI

Oluhlahlo-lwabiwo mali luthiwa thaca namhlanje lumi ngoluhlobo:

Uhlahlo-lwabiwo mali lukamasipala yonyaka mali ka- 2014/15 yi- R 546 494 490 yezigidi eyenziwe ngoluhlobo,

- I-R 54 140 170 yezigidi iyakusetyenziselwa ukuthenga izinto ezihlala ixesha elide
- ngoxa i-R 492 354 320 yezigidi iyakusetyenziselwa ukusebenza kukamasipala.

Ingeniso/ukunyuka kweerhafu

- Irhafu yezakhiwo kwiindawo zokuhlala yi-7.2%, izakhiwo zamashishini yi-7.2%, ize kwindawo zemihlaba yezolimo ibe yi-7.2%. Ngoxa i-7.2% ingavakala ingathi inkulu kufuneka nithathe ingqalelo yokuba itsho ukunyuswa nge-0.0005 yesenti.
- Umbane yi-7.39%
- Amanzi azakunyuka nge-7.5%
- linkonzo zogutyulo nge-6.9% ntoleyo ethetha ukunyuswa ukusuka kwi-R110.61 ukuya kwi-R118.24 ngenyanga
- linkunkuma yonyuka nge-7.9% ukusuka kwi-R84.37 ukuya kwi-R91.04 ngenyanga

Izinga lokunyuswa kwamahlelo awohlukeneyo eenkcitho

Ngakwicala leenkcitho ukonyuswa kuza kwenziwa ngoluhlobo:

- | | |
|--|---------|
| • Imivuzo yabasebenzi (kuquka nokunyuswa kwayo) | 12.79% |
| • linkcitho Jikelele | 8% |
| • Ukulungiswa kwezinto | -8% |
| • Inzala kwimali echithwa kwizinto ezihlala ixesha elide | -18.72% |
| • Ukuthengwa kwamanzi nombane | 8.06% |

Oku kunyuka kuboniswayo sisiphumo sokudityaniswa kwezinto ezifana ukukhula nokwenza izinto ngokuphumelelayo kwiinkonzo ezingundoqo ezisiseko-serhafu, ukusebenza ngokupheleleyo kunye nemigaqo-nkqubo ephathelene nengeniso nethi ijolise ekunyuseni nasekuzinziseni yonke imithombo yengeniso.

Ukufakwa kwemali iyakusetyenziselwa ukuthenga izinto ezihlala ixesha elide nesuka kumasipala(CRR) ixabisa i-R33 yezigidi. Esi sixa-mali sibonisa ukunyuka kwexabiso ebeligcwangciswe ngaphambili nelenzelwe ukuhlangabezana nokutyalwa-kwemali kwezo nkonzo zakamasipala ezingundoqo nezihlala ixesha elide, eziye zachongwa kwi-IDP. Lo mkhamo wenkcitho ubonakala unokuthwaleka kule minyaka mithathu ilandelayo yohlahlo lwabiwo-mali.

Imali esiyifumana kuRhulumente yokwenza imisebenzi ehlala ixesha elide yi- 38.84%.

ISIQUKUMBELO

“Ndifuna ukuqukumabela ngelithi oluhlahlo-lwabiwo mali akufunekanga libe malunga namanani kodwa kufuneka lube sisigcangciso esiza kuchukumisa ubomi babantu bethu ngendlela elulutho. Ewe, oluhlahlo-lwabiwo mali kufuneka lube sisibonelelo sokukhulula uluntu oluthwaxa yindlela kulo masipala. Uluntu kufuneka lusigwebe ngokwendlela esilusebenzise ngalo oluhlahlo-lwabiwo mali” utsho, Gagiano.